

CARBON TAXES & TRADING EMISSIONS

- Carl, J., Fedor, D., 2016. Tracking global carbon revenues: A survey of carbon taxes versus cap-and-trade in the real world. *Energy Policy* 96, 50–77. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2016.05.023>
- Chamberlin, S., Maxey, L., Hurth, V., 2014. Reconciling scientific reality with realpolitik: moving beyond carbon pricing to TEQs – an integrated, economy-wide emissions cap. *Carbon Management* 5, 411–427. <https://doi.org/10.1080/17583004.2015.1021563>
- Committee for Developing a Research Agenda for Carbon Dioxide Removal and Reliable Sequestration, Division on Earth and Life Studies, National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine, 2018. *Land Management Practices for Carbon Dioxide Removal and Reliable Sequestration: Proceedings of a Workshop* in Brief. National Academies Press, Washington, D.C. <https://doi.org/10.17226/25037>
- Freebairn, J., 2010. Carbon Taxes vs Tradable Permits: Efficiency and Equity Effects for a Small Open Economy, in: *Tax Reform in Open Economies*. Edward Elgar Publishing, p. 13704. <https://doi.org/10.4337/9781849804998.00019>
- Klenert, D., Mattauch, L., Combet, E., Edenhofer, O., Hepburn, C., Rafaty, R., Stern, N., 2018. Making carbon pricing work for citizens. *Nature Clim Change* 8, 669–677. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41558-018-0201-2>
- Mendecka, B., Lombardi, L., Gładysz, P., Stanek, W., 2018. Exergo-Ecological Assessment of Waste to Energy Plants Supported by Solar Energy. *Energies* 11, 773. <https://doi.org/10.3390/en11040773>
- Nordhaus, W.D., 2007. To Tax or Not to Tax: Alternative Approaches to Slowing Global Warming. *Review of Environmental Economics and Policy* 1, 26–44. <https://doi.org/10.1093/reep/rem008>
- Parag, Y., Fawcett, T., 2014. Personal carbon trading: a review of research evidence and real-world experience of a radical idea. *EECT* 23. <https://doi.org/10.2147/EECT.S56173>
- Parry, I.W.H., Heine, D., Lis, E., Li, S., 2014. *Getting energy prices right: from principle to practice*. International Monetary Fund, Washington, DC.
- Pearse, R., Böhm, S., 2014. Ten reasons why carbon markets will not bring about radical emissions reduction. *Carbon Management* 5, 325–337. <https://doi.org/10.1080/17583004.2014.990679>
- Rentschler, J., 2016. Incidence and impact: The regional variation of poverty effects due to fossil fuel subsidy reform. *Energy Policy* 96, 491–503. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2016.06.025>
- Rosales, J., 2006. Economic Growth and Biodiversity Loss in an Age of Tradable Permits: Economic Growth and Biodiversity Loss. *Conservation Biology* 20, 1042–1050. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1523-1739.2006.00374.x>
- Stern, T., 2012. Distributional effects of taxing transport fuel. *Energy Policy* 41, 75–83. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enpol.2010.03.012>
- Sustainable Aotearoa New Zealand, New Zealand, National Commission for Unesco, United Nations Decade of Education for Sustainable Development, 2005 - 2014, 2009. *Strong sustainability for New Zealand: principles and scenarios*. Nakedize, Wellington, N.Z.
- Wei, J., Hennlock, M., Johansson, D.J.A., Sterner, T., 2012. The fossil endgame: strategic oil price discrimination and carbon taxation. *Journal of Environmental Economics and Policy* 1, 48–69. <https://doi.org/10.1080/21606544.2011.640849>
- Wilson, D.G., 2015. *A Four-E Policy: Energy, Employment, Equality and the Environment*. *Innov Energy Policies* 04. <https://doi.org/10.4172/2090-5009.1000114>